IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE BILL NO. 338

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

,	AN ACI
2	RELATING TO IMMIGRATION; AMENDING TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF
3	A NEW CHAPTER 97, TITLE 67, IDAHO CODE, TO PROHIBIT CERTAIN LIMITATIONS
4	ON IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT BY A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THIS STATE, TO
5	PROVIDE FOR A CAUSE OF ACTION IN CERTAIN INSTANCES, AND TO PROVIDE FOR
5	THE WITHHOLDING OF SALES AND USE TAX REVENUE IN CERTAIN INSTANCES; PRO-
7	VIDING SEVERARILITY: AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Title 67, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a <u>NEW CHAPTER</u>, to be known and designated as Chapter 97, Title 67, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:

CHAPTER 97

LIMITATIONS ON IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT BY A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION PROHIBITED

- 67-9701. LIMITATIONS ON IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT BY A POLITICAL SUB-DIVISION PROHIBITED -- CAUSE OF ACTION. (1) No political subdivision of the state of Idaho may enact any ordinance or policy, whether written or oral, that limits or prohibits a law enforcement officer, local official, or local government employee from communicating with appropriate federal immigration officers in regard to the immigration status of any person within the state of Idaho.
- (2) No political subdivision of the state of Idaho may enact any ordinance or policy, whether written or oral, that limits or prohibits a state or local corrections official from complying with a detainer request from a federal immigration officer. A state or local corrections official may not release the subject of a detainer request from a federal immigration officer for a period of seventy-two (72) hours beginning from the subject's intended release date in state or local custody.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a resident of a political subdivision of this state may bring a civil action in the district court in which the resident and political subdivision are located to enjoin the enactment of any ordinance or policy that violates the provisions of subsection (1) or (2) of this section.
- (4) In the event that a court finds that a political subdivision has intentionally violated the provisions of this section, the court shall enjoin the enactment of the ordinance or policy and may enter a judgment against the political subdivision of not less than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each day that the ordinance or policy remains or remained in effect.
- (5) The state tax commission shall withhold any sales and use tax revenue distributions pursuant to section 63-3638, Idaho Code, from a political

subdivision of this state until a judgment rendered pursuant to subsection (4) of this section has been paid in full. If the state brings a successful action pursuant to this section, the judgment shall be distributed to the political subdivision's local county sheriff's office. If a resident brings a successful action pursuant to this section, the resident shall receive the judgment.

(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a resident of a political subdivision of this state, or the resident's spouse, parents, or children if the resident is deceased, who is the victim of a murder, rape, or any felony as defined in Idaho Code for which an alien has been convicted and sentenced to a term of imprisonment of at least one (1) year, may bring a civil action against the political subdivision of this state if the political subdivision intentionally violated the provisions of subsection (2) of this section.

SECTION 2. SEVERABILITY. The provisions of this act are hereby declared to be severable and if any provision of this act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is declared invalid for any reason, such declaration shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this act.

SECTION 3. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after its passage and approval.